



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 13.

Mr. HENRY CABOT LODGE of Boston says "the new administration will see to it that the elections in the South shall be fair." Congressmen elect Candler of the same city says "the new Congress will stand by a free ballot and a fair count in the South." Congressmen elect Banks, also of the same city, says "the republican party will take hold of the Southern question in earnest." These are only fair samples of Northern republican expression since the election, though just previous thereto Southern republicans were preaching the doctrine that their party friends in the North were the only true friends the South had in that section. Well, let them go ahead. One effect of such threats and of the attempted execution thereof will be not only to keep the white democrats of the South solid, but to reinforce them with all the other reputable white men of their section; and with all her white men solid, the South can take care of herself.

THE N. Y. Sun says:

"It has been a joyous time since election day for the republicans in the Customs House. The corridors of the building in Wall street have echoed republican campaign songs about President Cleveland being in the cold, cold ground, and the strain, 'Good by, old Grover, good by,' has been wafted into the Collector's office and through the departments of the democratic deputy collectors. The songs are the return of the holiday to an Administration that kept them in and gave them an opportunity to contribute funds to offset the effect of the novelties sent out by Colonel Brice."

As democrats are human, and therefore subject to all the evil imaginations and influences of other mortals, accounts of such incidents as that referred to are by no means calculated to increase their regret for the defeat of the ticket that was imposed upon them by the men they sent to their national convention.

GEN. MARONE having done all he could to defend the creditors of Virginia of their just dues, is now striving to cheat the democrats of the State out of the small majority they got at the late election. What manner of man is the General any how? He must have a natural love for cheating, as his party has gained a great victory without the vote of Virginia. In all Virginia no man is better aware of the fact that at the recent election in the State the only denial of a free vote was when the negroes prevented members of their own race from voting the democratic ticket. The Virginia democrats were not sufficiently interested in Mr. Cleveland's election to make them resort to any species of fraudulent election to secure that result.

THE RESULT of the election shows that wherever the subject of the tariff was thoroughly and intelligently discussed and explained on the stump, even though most of the men spoken to were miners and factory hands, there the democrats made gains, and that where the audiences were chiefly agriculturists, who no body pretends are protected by the tariff, and to whom it was deemed unnecessary to waste much time in explaining the tariff, as in the Northwest, there the democrats sustained losses. Why an American farmer should be in favor of protection passes all understanding.

SOME of the negroes in Washington say Frederick Douglass, the leader of their race, should have a seat in the new Cabinet. The policy that the negro should be recognized in the distribution of federal patronage was repudiated at the recent election. But as Mr. Harrison was elected by the solid negro vote of the entire country, though that of New York and Indiana was sufficient, certainly the natural feeling of gratitude possessed by Northern republicans will suggest to them the adoption of the recommendation referred to.

A NORTHERN republican who wanted a local office in North Carolina, but failed to get it by reason of a lack of the requisite number of votes at the recent election, has gone back North with a cock and bull story of Southern outrages, by means of which he hopes to get a better office under the incoming republican administration. For tricks that are dark, a republican office seeker in the South is peculiar.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Passenger train No. 53, from Atlanta, over the Air Line met with a serious accident near Greenville, N. C., about noon yesterday. Reports say the train jumped the track while running at a lively rate, derailling every car and seriously injuring a number of the crew. The mail agent is reported as perhaps fatally injured. The express messenger is seriously hurt, as are also others. No passengers are reported as injured. The train soon caught fire. Frantic efforts were necessary to save many from perishing in the flames. By quick work, however, all were rescued, although many were injured and terribly excited. The entire train, express and baggage-cars, first and second-class with the Pullman sleepers were entirely reduced to ashes.

It is said by those competent to form an estimate that the shrinkage in the internal commerce and industries of the United States in the past four months, which can be traced to apprehension, excitement and other conditions dependent upon the Presidential campaign, amounts to not less than \$500,000,000.

General Harrison now receives his mail in an express wagon. Yesterday's grieve included fifteen hundred letters and four bags of newspapers, to say nothing of a hundred telegrams.

From Washington
[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 13, 1888.
On the House side of the Capitol to-day, where all the offices are filled by democrats, it is claimed that the democrats have the next House by one majority; but that one is obtained by counting some four or five members who are claimed by the republicans. The result is so close that the official count in several cases will be required to decide it, though the republicans profess to be confident of having it by at least four or five majority.

As Congress has the sole right to count the electoral vote, and each House of that body the sole right to decide upon the legality of the election of its own members, many people here are puzzled to know by what process General Mahone and Chairman Quay, even with such astute legal ability as that of General Butler to help them, can get the Virginia election before the U. S. Courts, and some of the best lawyers of the city, republicans at that, scout the idea of their being able to do so.

Republicans from Virginia here to-day, of the anti-Mahone stripe, say that save only and except for the General, they would have carried their State for Harrison, and elected four or five, instead of only two Congressmen, and that if the General had awarded any of Virginia's share of the federal patronage under the incoming administration, the republican party in their State would be permanently divided. They also say that should the General be recognized by Mr. Harrison as the head of the party in his State, he would award the offices only to his own personal nominees.

Most of the cabinet makers here allow the South one member of that body—the place of Postmaster General. To which State that place shall go, however, they are all in doubt, though most of them give it to West Virginia, the first State to break the solid South, and, also, to Mr. Goff, who has already been a cabinet minister. It is said that Mr. Quay favors General Mahone for the place, but the General's selection is scouted by almost all other republicans.

People from Delaware here to-day say the democratic party managers there have finally decided to contest the election of the republican State Senator in Kent county, and that should the case be decided in their favor and a tie between the two, the opponents of Senator Salsbury will not object to his appointment by the Governor. Inquiry was made at the Court of Claims to-day concerning the fate of Col. Mosby's suit before that court for the recovery of a large amount of fees he had turned into the Treasury, though under the rulings by other courts in similar cases they belonged to him. All that could be ascertained was that the argument in the case was concluded and the case submitted on February 27, 1888, since which time nothing has been heard from or of it.

It is reported here that the National Republican of this city, which was recently bought and suppressed by another newspaper company, will, now that a republican administration is coming into power, be revived, and that it will be the official organ of the new administration.

Letter from Rappahannock.

[Correspondence of the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]
WOODVILLE, Va., Nov. 12.—J. Y. McNeefe, one of the most prominent lawyers of this county, died on Saturday morning last at his late residence in Washington. He had been ill for some months, and his death was caused by a general giving way of the mind and body. He was about 70 years old. Mr. McNeefe was especially popular as a criminal lawyer and was engaged in many of the trials of criminals in this and the adjoining counties. He was an earnest and vigorous speaker, and was well known throughout this part of the State.

The election at this precinct did not pass off quietly by any means, and though no one was hurt, yet, at one time, it looked as though a general fight would take place between the more active workers of the two parties. This was caused by what has become a crying evil here—the buying of voters. Money was not only paid, but paid to a number scarcely believed heretofore, and this was done with not even an attempt at concealment.

The result of the election is a great surprise to the party here. Such a defeat was unlooked for, and it seems could have been prevented. The views of the GAZETTE upon this subject are not only the correct way of looking at this democratic Waterloo, but we are glad to see it fearless in saying just what it did and who are responsible for it. The criticisms of your paper during this administration have been fair, just and honest, and had they been heeded by the powers that be Cleveland could have been just as easily re-elected as Hill. It is a bitter pill for those to swallow who did their duty and tried to have others do theirs. The record of the GAZETTE has not been a true and loyal one, but its foreknowledge in some matters has been remarkably correct.

We regret to say that Wm. F. Anderson, one of our supervisors, is about to remove with his family to Roanoke. He has sold his farm and personal property and will engage in merchandizing in his new home. B.

IF THE statement were not officially made, it would seem to be a gross exaggeration that 22,907 persons and nearly 60,000 cattle were destroyed in India in 1885 by tigers, leopards, and venomous snakes. Most of these people were poor ryots whose little farms border the jungles. An appalling number of human beings, particularly in Africa, fall prey every year to the beasts and reptiles of the unclaimed regions of the world. The crocodile is one of the worst enemies of human life, and in the Congo basin alone probably several thousand persons annually become the prey of its voracious appetite. The audacity of these creatures was illustrated a while ago on the Cuanza river, where one of them pulled a white man off the gangplank of a steamboat and drew him under the water. Prof. Drummond, in his recent book, tells of these particular perils of African travel and of his own narrow escape once when he was about to sit down on what appeared to be a patch of verdure, but which, in fact, was the cold body of a snake for whose poisonous bite no antidote has yet been discovered. A lion once sprang out of a thicket upon Livingston, knocking him down, lacerating his shoulder with his teeth, and the career of the great explorer would have been cut off before he achieved fame if his armed attendants had not been near at hand. Joseph Thomson was tossed on the horns of a buffalo, disabling him for weeks, and a few months ago Mr. Deane, an employee of the Congo State, was killed by an elephant, who pierced him through and through with his tusks.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Bibb's administrator against the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company. Argued by S. Griffis, esq., for defendant in error and Col. John E. Penn for plaintiff in error and submitted.

Joselyn, trustee, against State Bank of Hartford. Continued.

Richmond and Danville Railroad Company against Picklesimer. Passed.

Norfolk and Western Railroad Company against Jackson's administrator. Argued by George S. Bernard, esq., for plaintiff in error.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Mr. Cleveland gets sixty thousand majority in Georgia.
An attempt, likely to prove successful, is being made to make New Orleans a winter resort.

There were 30 new cases of yellow fever and three deaths reported at Jacksonville, Fla., yesterday.

Washingtonians have already begun to arrange for the inauguration of President-elect Harrison.

It is said a writ of mandamus on Gov. Jackson, of Maryland, to give a certificate of election to Mr. Mudd, republican candidate for Congress in the fifth district, will be asked for.

Signor Crispi, Italian minister of foreign affairs, has assured the French charge d'affaires that it is the desire of the Italian government to remove all causes of misunderstanding that exist between Italy and France.

Dispatches from lower Quebec say that two feet and a half of snow has fallen along the lower St. Lawrence. Serious fears are entertained that there has been serious loss of life among the fishermen on both shores of the Gulf.

The missionary council of the Episcopal church convened in Washington to-day at Epiphany church. This evening addresses will be made by a number of distinguished members of the council. Bishop Randolph of Virginia, is in attendance.

The sentence of Mrs. Sarah J. Robinson, who was to have been hanged on Friday next at Somerville, Mass., for the murder of her brother-in-law, Prince A. Freeman, by poison, in June, 1885, has been commuted to solitary imprisonment for life.

A young couple of intelligent and refined appearance registered Sunday night at the Farwell House, Chicago, as Charles Paulson and wife, of Milwaukee. At noon yesterday they were found unconscious and the room filled with a strong odor of gas. The man was dead; the woman was unconscious, but still breathing. It is thought to be a case of suicide.

Thomas Axworthy, the defaulting city treasurer of Cleveland, Ohio, has written from Montreal, Canada, to the mayor of Cleveland, saying that his departure was due to sudden financial embarrassment caused by losses on call loans in the East, and giving a schedule of assets which he estimates at \$379,700, sufficient to make good his shortage to the city.

There are rumors of trouble in Blackville, Barnwell county, S. C. The negroes have announced their intention to have a Harrison glorification on Thursday, and it is known on the programme to burn Cleveland in effigy. The whites say they will not interfere with any decent glorification, but announce their intention to prevent the Cleveland glorification on the programme. Serious trouble is anticipated.

A paper is circulating in Birmingham, Ala., addressed to Mr. Harrison, reciting that he now has an opportunity of making a national administration that will break all sectional lines and result in a united country. He is urged to appoint good officials in the South and to give to the South liberal and enlightened treatment. It is signed by prominent business men, irrespective of party.

All the indications point to a republican majority of from five to seven in the next House of Representatives. There is still doubt about West Virginia and California. The democrats may have elected their candidates in the first district of California. This would reduce the majority, otherwise appearing to be seven to five. The democrats claim from three to four in West Virginia. They are given two in this estimate. There seems little room for doubt that the republicans will organize the House.

The official examination of the returns in West Virginia progressed in every county of the State yesterday, but there is little new light on the situation. It is likely there will be a recount in every county in the office of Governor and on Congressmen in the counties of the first and fourth districts. The latest figures received at the headquarters of the democratic State committee elect Fleming by 750 majority, and give the legislature to the democrats by one majority. This is contested vehemently by republicans.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Portsmouth Daily Record has suspended publication.

Miss Lula Jackson, of Portsmouth, in trying to jump on a departing ferry steamer yesterday afternoon, fell overboard and was drowned.

Unofficial and estimated returns from nearly all of the counties in the State foot up a majority for Cleveland of over 3,500. The secretary of the Commonwealth is in receipt of official returns from about two-thirds of the State but they have neither been compared with previous votes nor aggregated.

Virginia M. E. Conference.

In the Virginia Conference of the M. E. Church South in session in Norfolk, yesterday, Bishop Granberry reported that he had transferred to this conference Rev. C. S. Wamsley, of the West Virginia Conference, and Rev. M. S. Watts, of the Holston Conference.

The deacons of one year were called and the following passed, and they were advanced to the class of the fourth year: O. L. Martin, N. H. Robertson, W. F. Davis, J. D. Forkner, Bacon Day, W. G. Boggs and Thos. J. Wray.

Rev. W. H. Christian presented the report of the Sunday school board. The board reports 170 scholars, 7,720 officers and teachers, 51,380 scholars, 1,997 conversions, 55,015 volumes.

These statistics show a loss of 60 schools, 318 officers and teachers, 3,258 scholars, 1,001 conversions.

The report of the board of colportage was read and its consideration postponed until to-day.

A missionary mass meeting was held at night.

SMART BOY.—A St. Louis dry goods house advertised for a "smart boy," and they got him. They put him behind the counter. The following conversation passed between him and his first customer:

Customer (picking up a pair of gloves)—What are these?
Smart Boy—Gloves.
Customer—Yes, yes; but what do you ask for them?

Smart Boy—We don't ask for them at all; customers do that.

Customer—You don't understand me. How do they come?

Smart Boy—Why, they come in pairs, of course.

Customer—No, no! How high do they come?

Smart Boy—Just above the wrist, I believe.

Customer—But what do you get for them? Bess pockets all the money.

Customer (losing patience)—What is the price of these gloves per pair.

Smart Boy—Oh, that's your lay, is it? Why didn't you say so afore? One dollar.—St. Louis Magazine.

Curious Fatality.

There is a certain family in Boston which suffers from a mysterious hereditary curse of the sort one reads about in hair-raising stories of the supernatural. The first born son to every daughter bleeds to death. The story as to the manner in which the affliction originated cannot, of course, be vouched for, says the Boston correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. It has to do with a wicked great-great-grandmother, who murdered a rich uncle by opening one of his veins with a pin, in order to get possession of the old gentleman's vast wealth. The ghost of the deceased subsequently appeared to the unscrupulous niece and announced in hollow tones, appropriate to the tomb, the dismal prediction that for all time thereafter the eldest male child of every girl in her family should die by bleeding to death.

So much for the explanatory tradition. The fact is that for many generations the Crockett family of Charlestown—which is a part of Boston—and vicinity has been pursued by a hemorrhagic Nemesis. The first son born to every daughter, even to remote cousins, invariably bleeds to death. All other members of the Crockett tribe are exempt from the mysterious trouble. But the method of this inherited curse is so well known that each female Crockett is prepared on the arrival of her initial boy, for the experience that is bound to ensue. The first little cut, or even scratch, the infant experiences is the signal for a panic. Bandages are applied as quickly as possible, and the wound is treated with a preparation of iron in the form of a powder. It is a narrow squeak in such cases always, but there is a good chance of recovery within eight days if the thing is taken in time. At the end of that time the mother either goes mad or dies from loss of blood very suddenly, for such is the manner of the bleeder's complaint. He is sure to be attacked in precisely the same way every time during his life. The skin is seriously abraded. On occasions of the sort he must adopt immediate measures remedial or die. By exercising the most extraordinary precautions he may reach a comfortable age, but sooner or later he is sure to perish by an untoward accident, causing a flow of blood which no physician's art can stop. So far not a single one of the destined victims has escaped the penalty. The oldest one now living is a Mr. Surratt, of Melrose, who has been accused of the murder of Lincoln. He is now in prison, and it is said that he is sure to die by the gallows, as though it were likely to be forever. Life is an extra hazardous task when you are a bleeder. Thus it happens that oldest sons of the Crockett family, direct and collateral on the maternal side, are found to be engaged in graverdiggering and other accidental incidents.

A curious story, is it not? And yet the writer begs to offer his personal assurance that it is true in every respect.

TEN HOURS OF SLEEP.—James Pryn, the novelist and correspondent, has come to the conclusion that the only salvation of our writers and literary classes in general lies in going to bed early, getting ten hours of sleep, and understanding that brain work needs more complete and certain recuperation than ordinary physical labor. The amount and necessity of sleep is getting to be better appreciated. Little is heard now a days about burning midnight oil. Obedience to physiological laws, alone, will enable a man to escape mental breakdown at an early age. Genius cannot override nature. It is impossible to turn night into day, or to habitually do two days' work in one. Good, mother, sleep is better than brilliance, and judgment is in the end ahead of genius.

A prophet, they say, is no good in his own country; but there is an exception to this proverb. Dr. Bull has been of infinite good to his countrymen, and his Cough Syrup has become a national balm.

MONEY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The stock market opened with a rush this morning, the pressure to sell being very heavy and the activity something beyond anything seen for months. The market was extremely weak, and first prices showed declines from last evening's closing figures of from $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 per cent. The market was weak and feverish from the first sales, and the losses in the list were generally from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. Business was unusually active and feverish. Toward the end of the hour there was less animation and the decline was checked, even slight recoveries being made in some directions, but the market continued feverish, and at 11 o'clock it was still very active and again weak at the lowest prices reached. Money easy at $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—Virginia consolidated 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 40; past-due coupons — do 10-40s 35 bid; do 3s — bid.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Nov. 13.—Flour is very quiet, and there is a full and well-assorted stock in first hands; concessions are made by both millers and holders on round lots, while jobbing prices are only a fraction lower. The wheat markets continue sluggish, and sales of futures as well as of spot wheats have been running in favor of the latter part of the week, but the decline during the past few days has been from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ cent; range to-day 85 to 100. Butter 15 to 20. Eggs 24 to 26. Apples, Potatoes and all kinds of vegetables can only be moved at reduced figures.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 9 $\frac{3}{4}$. Flour generally quiet; South American demand fairly active. Wheat—Southern scarce and steady; Fall 105 11 $\frac{1}{2}$; longberry 108 11 $\frac{1}{2}$; Western quiet; No 2 winter red 108 11 $\frac{1}{2}$; No 104 104 $\frac{1}{2}$; Dec 106 106 $\frac{1}{2}$; Jan 108 108 $\frac{1}{2}$; Corn—Southern firm; white 55 56 $\frac{1}{2}$; yellow 55 56 $\frac{1}{2}$; Western 55 56 $\frac{1}{2}$; No 2 55 56 $\frac{1}{2}$; No 3 54 55 $\frac{1}{2}$; No 4 53 54 $\frac{1}{2}$; Oats quiet and steady; Southern and Penna 28 32; Western white 30 32; do mixed 27 29; graded No 2 white 35 bid. Rye very dull at 60 62. Hay dull; prime to choice Western 8 16 50. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Butter steady and firm; best roll 14 15; extra 14 16; Hogs 7c per lb. Milch Cows \$25 50 per head, and Milch Calves active at 3 75 per lb.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Cotton firm; uplands 15 16; Orleans 15 16; futures steady. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat quiet and stronger. Corn dull and easier. Pork quiet and strong at 16 50. Lard firm at 8 62 3/4 and 65.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12, 11 a. m.—Dec Wheat 113 3/4; May 114 1/4; Jan 114 1/4; Dec Corn 39 1/4; May 39 1/4; Jan 39 1/4; Dec Pork 14 00 1/4; Jan 14 00 1/4; Dec Lard 32 1/4; Jan 32 1/4; Feb 32 1/4.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Beef Cattle—demand good and prices 1/4 higher; extra 5 1/2 5 3/4; good 4 1/2 5; medium 4 1/4 5; common 3 1/2 4 1/4. Sheep in fair demand; extra 4 1/2 5; good 4 1/4 5; medium 3 1/2 4; and common 2 1/2 3 1/4. Lambs 3 1/2 4; good 3 1/4 4; and common 2 1/2 3 1/4. Hogs 7c per lb. Milch Cows \$25 50 per head, and Milch Calves active at 3 75 per lb.

BALTIMORE HOG MARKET, Nov. 12.—There is a rather light offering, considering the fairly good demand prevailing in all the yards; some dealers report a good demand, with all their Hogs sold. The quality is quite good. We quote rough Hogs at 6 1/2 7c, and the better grades at 7 1/2 7 3/4 c per lb; extra a shade higher; most sales were at 7 1/4 c. Receipts this week 6255 head.

GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET, Nov. 12.—211 Cattle were offered and sold as follows: best 4 1/4 4 3/4; good 4 1/4 5; medium 3 1/2 4; and common 2 1/2 3 1/4. 321 Sheep and Lambs were offered and sold: Sheep sold at 2 1/2 3c, and Lambs at 4 1/4 5c. Cows 5 1/2 6c. 15 Cows and Calves brought \$20 50. Market good.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, NOVEMBER 13.
SUN RISES—6 40. SUN SETS—4 50.

SAILED.
Sch'r E. E. Johnson, Georgetown, by Perry, Smoot & Co.

ARRIVED.
Sch'r Laura E. Messer, for Baltimore, sailed from Windsor, N. S., 8th.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Trouble with Peru.

PANAMA, Nov. 5.—A serious international trouble is on between Peru and the Government of the United States. The circumstances are these: On the assumption that a house at Mollendo belonged to the Arequipa Railway and was therefore the property of the State, orders were given to occupy it by force, although the building was declared to belong to a citizen of the United States. It was accordingly seized by a squad of soldiers. The United States consulate was situated in the building and this was forcibly closed, padlocked, the coat of arms removed and the agent prevented from entering his office for nearly a week. The American Minister at Lima who protested against the seizure of the house, on receipt of intelligence of this aggression, cabled to his government, and was instantly instructed to demand an apology. The house was vacated after six days' occupation, but the government peremptorily refused to make an apology and rather upheld their proceeding. On this the minister telegraphed the intelligence of the refusal and the Department of State at Washington has ordered him to forward full particulars of the affair before taking further steps. The recently effected treaty between the United States and Peru as well as international law secures from outrage and any sort of interference all consular archives and property, and unless Peru can show some more plausible reason than a mistaken assumption for violating the consular privileges, and that too in face of a warning protest from the minister, it is difficult to see how the government can avoid a serious misunderstanding with the United States.

A Pullman Car on Fire.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 13.—While crossing the mountains coming east early this morning the Pullman sleeper "Aragon," of New York express train No. 9, on the Pennsylvania road, caught fire, and before the flames could be subdued one half of the car was consumed, together with the clothing of a number of the passengers. The fire was discovered about 4 o'clock when the train was nearing Conemaugh. The passengers were quickly awakened, and, half-dressed, they rushed to the adjoining car. Meanwhile the fire was steadily gaining and it was feared the car would be entirely consumed. The porter, however, with the assistance of the fire extinguisher and several cool headed passengers, soon had the flames under control. There were twenty passengers on the car, but fortunately no one was injured. The passengers, who lost portions of their clothing, presented a demoralized appearance when they arrived in this city this morning. It is supposed that the fire caught from the stove. The loss is not known.

Marine Disaster.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Considerable wreck age and a number of bodies have washed ashore between Looe and Polperro, in Cornwall, during the last day or two. One of the bodies has been identified as that of Captain Meyer, of the German ship Theodore Ruger, from Hamburg for Sydney. Articles that have come ashore have also been recognized as belonging to both that vessel and to the Cunard steamer Nantes, with which the Theodore Ruger was in collision 36 miles off the Lizard. There is now no doubt of the total loss of both vessels with most of the crew of the Nantes and a part of the ship's crew. The survivors, who landed at Tronville, include sixteen of the Theodore Ruger and two of the Nantes's crew. It is believed that all the others went down with their vessels.

A Mysterious Death.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The body of a thin dressed woman was taken out of the Thames this morning. There were marks on the body which gave rise to a suspicion that the woman had been murdered, but it is possible that she committed suicide, and that the marks were received by contact with objects in the water. The police searched the casual wards of the various police stations in the hope of getting some clue to the murderer, but they were unsuccessful. They arrested one man who had a bowie knife in his possession, but there is no reason to believe that he was instrumental in the woman's death and he will probably be discharged.

Missionary Council.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The 29th annual session of the missionary council of the American Episcopal Church began this morning at the Epiphany Church in this city. After the service of morning prayer and holy communion, at which Bishop Tuttle, of Missouri, read the Gospel, Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota, delivered the opening sermon. About 250 delegates were present, among whom were many prominent Bishops of the church. At the opening service Epiphany Church was crowded in every part.

Assassinated.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 13.—Deputy marshals from the Indian country who arrived here yesterday say they have ascertained reports that Governor Guy, of the Chickasaw Nation, was assassinated Saturday night. This was no more than was expected, as a number of attempts have been made upon his life. United States officers left here last night for the scene.

Maryland's Collector.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The President to-day appointed Andrew G. Chapman to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of Maryland, vice Joseph K. Roberts, deceased. Mr. Chapman was formerly a member of Congress and at present holds the office of chief clerk of the office at the head of which he has now been placed.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Bro.

Burned to Death.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 13.—Three bodies were recovered this morning from the ruins of Bryant's European hotel, which was destroyed by fire last night. They have been identified as Eula Jones, white, a chambermaid; Major White, of Atlanta, Ga., and Thomas Moore, of Bloomington, Ill. The latter two were guests. The young woman who was burned was caught by a falling timber near the centre of the building. White had escaped once and went back to recover his valise but was caught on a stairway and slowly roasted to death. His clinched hands were filled with hair which he tore from his head in the agonies of his frightful death. Moore's body was charred to a crisp. Search is in progress for other bodies but it is thought no more will be found.

Virginia Fleece.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 13.—Two countrymen entered the Pennsylvania railroad depot this morning. One of them carried a small satchel like those used by the green-goods swindlers. A policeman, who had a suspicion that the men had been fleeing, accosted them. They were indignant, but finally agreed to go to police headquarters, where it was ascertained that they had been swindled and that the satchel contained nothing but brown paper cut to the dimensions of a treasury note. The men gave their names as James J. Wakeman, of Water Lake, Warren county, Va., and Henry Pepper, a neighbor. Wakeman paid \$175 for the contents of the bag.

West Virginia Election Returns.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 13.—A Chronicle Telegraph special says: The official count in the State has not yet been completed and until it is no one will know definitely whether Goff or Fleming is elected Governor or whether the electoral ticket is republican or democratic. The majority cannot be more than 200 or 300 either way, it will probably be the latter part of the week before the official count is completed. So far no important errors have been discovered in the count in Kanawha county which gave Goff, rep., for Governor, 1500 majority. The democrats claim the State by 400 to 500 majority.

Elevator Burned.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 13.—At four o'clock this morning a fire broke out in Wheeler's elevator, on the Buffalo river at the foot of south Michigan street, caused probably by overheated machinery. The interior of the building was destroyed involving a loss of \$40,000 covered by insurance. It contained 96,000 bushels of wheat and barley. Much of it will be saved, though in a damaged condition. The grain was owned by different local firms. It is valued in the aggregate at \$120,